

The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME IX.

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WILMINGTON POST ADVERTISING RATES.

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Eight (8) lines, Nonpareil type, constitute a square.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

Special rates can be had for a longer time than one week.

All advertisements on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is \$1.00 per year; six months 70 cents.

R. KENNEDY, Business Manager.

High taxes and Democratic rule has caused three hundred deeds to be made to the State by the Sheriff for dues for taxes.

The action to commit the Matthews' silver resolution to the Judiciary Committee of the Senate has failed, by a vote of 19 to 21.

If the Democratic papers continue to abuse W. H. Chandler they will certainly make him the next President of the United States.

A train of cars fell through a bridge at Tarrville, Conn., killing 12 persons and wounding seriously 40. It was an excursion train, on its return from hearing Moody and Sankey.

There has been terrible destruction of property by the flood on the Roanoke, extending for a hundred miles. Houses and farms have been swept away, and the farmers in the valley have been completely ruined.

If we may judge from the long telegram which the Washington agent of the Southern Associated Press was good enough to send Southward, the new Senator Voorhies, "the tall sycamore of the Wabash," as he is called by his admiring friends of Southern Indiana, made the speech of a demagogue, in his debut. In undertaking to discuss the financial aspect of our country, he did not get above the old clap-net of "British influence" and "moneyed aristocracy," and his effort strikingly betrays the earmarks of a re-rumped campaign speech in Indiana.

Love and Duty, a charming novel, by Mrs. Hubbard, is published this day by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, and makes the twelfth volume issued of "Peterson Dollar Series of New and Good Books," which are the largest, and the best, and handiest, as well as the cheapest books ever published and sold at one dollar each. "Love and Duty" is a work of great power and interest, and is destined to meet with the success it so richly deserves. The delineations of real life, character, manners, principles, elevating and edifying, are drawn with a master hand, in a very pleasing style. Love and Duty are interwoven in its pages so delicately, and naturally as to carry the interest of the reader through the work, and enable the true thinker to weigh and appreciate its teachings. This novel is well written, and is gotten up in the most excellent style that characterizes the publishers of this popular "Dollar Series," and we have no doubt it will meet with a very large sale. It is published complete in one large duodecimo volume, is elegantly and substantially bound in red velvet, embossed with gold and black, price, one dollar a copy, and it will be found for sale by all booksellers and on all railroad trains, or copies of it will be sent to any one, to any place, post paid, on remitting one dollar in a letter to the publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale at Heinsberger's Live Book and Music Store, in this city.

The Red Mill Tragedy, a novel, by Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, author of "Ismael," "Mother-in-Law," etc., is published this day by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. This is a novel of unusual power and of thrilling interest. The characters are all original, and are drawn with a master hand, and actually appear to live and move before us, while the moral is an excellent one, calculated to do good to all its readers. It is gracefully written and artistically constructed, and is entirely worthy of the reputation of the gifted authoress, and of a place beside the rest of the delightful romances written by her, which have so charmingly beguiled the leisure hours of legions of readers wherever the English language is spoken. No writer in America is as popular, or has so wide a circle of readers as Mrs. Southworth. The volume is issued in uniform style, and its price is fifty cents a copy, and it will be found for sale by all booksellers and news agents, and on all Railroad trains, or copies will be

sent to any one, to any place, post paid, on remitting fifty cents in a letter to the publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale at Heinsberger's Live Book and Music Store, in this city.

BABYLAND FOR JANUARY.—A fine double number, full of tiny Christmas stories and lovely Christmas pictures, all in big print, on thick paper, just the magazine to teach the babies to read. It is only 50 cents a year. D. Lathrop & Co., publishers, Boston, Mass. One of our exchanges says: "If D. Lathrop & Co., of Boston, publishers of *Babyland*, could have seen the joy the November number carried to the 'little man' who has the privilege of 'taking' the copy that comes to this office, they would doubtless have felt that their magazine for juvenile readers is the publication of all publications for little eyes and ears. It is an 'institution' in families where there are small children."

OAKDALE CEMETERY—ANNUAL MEETING AND ELECTION OF OFFICERS—REPORT OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER, &c.—At the annual meeting of the lot owners of Oakdale Cemetery, held at the office of the Company Monday evening, Mr. W. M. Poisson was called to the Chair, and R. J. Jones, Esq., was appointed Secretary.

The following gentlemen were elected as Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

President—Donald MacRae.
Directors—James H. Chadbourne, W. A. Wright, Edward Kidder, Wm. J. Yopp, Norwood Giles, George R. French.

From the report of R. J. Jones, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer, which was presented to the meeting, we make the following extracts:

MORTUARY.
During the year there has been issued from this office 109 permits for interments in Oakdale.

Ages.—Not stated, 7; under one year old, 13; over one and under ten, 37; over ten and under twenty, 6; over twenty and under thirty, 13; over thirty and under forty, 4; over forty and under fifty, 11; over fifty and under sixty, 8; over sixty and under seventy, 4; over seventy and under eighty, 6. Total, 109. Of the above, 8 died in other places and were brought to Oakdale for interment, to wit: One from Whiteville; one from Baltimore, Md.; three from Florence, S. C.; one from Goldsboro; one from Clinton, and one from Norfolk, Va.

Diseases as Stated.—Apoplexy, 3; alcoholism, 1; anasarca, 1; Bright's disease, 1; bronchitis, 1; cancer, 1; consumption, 2; congestion, 1; congestive chill, 1; cholera infantum, 7; chronic diarrhoea, 1; congestive malarial fever, 4; congestion of the brain, 1; cystitis and nephritis, 1; coitis, 1; dropsy, 3; diphtheria, 19; dysentery, 3; diabetes, 1; enteritis, 1; gastro enteritis, 1; gastric fever, 1; heart disease, 3; hemorrhage of the bowels, 3; intermittent fever, 2; jaundice, 2; liver disease, 3; lung disease, 3; meningitis, 3; marasmus, 1; measles, 2; pneumonia, 2; premature births and still born, 5; typhoid fever, 1; typhoid pneumonia, 2, and not stated, 13.

VITAL STATISTICS.
For several years past, in making my annual reports, I have stated therein, the causes of death, the age, and other circumstances relating thereto, for each "permit" issued, feeling, satisfied while doing so, that in many cases it was more guess work than otherwise. I am now glad to report that some influence has awakened interest enough on the subject of "vital statistics" to develop a system, which, if it could be carried out, the co-operation of the entire medical fraternity of the city, would furnish the information desired, and would be both reliable and valuable for reference.

Through the influence of the Superintendent of Health, Dr. A. E. Wright, the Board of Aldermen passed an ordinance in May last, with a view of collecting such information. The certificates required by said ordinance were printed and distributed by Dr. Wright among the city physicians. Still, seven out of every ten who come for "permits" have to be sent back for the required certificate, when, if the bereaved parties could only be informed that a certificate to must accompany the application for the permit, the trouble to them, which is often very annoying, would cease.

I call attention to this subject now, with the hope that the rules governing this matter may become more fully understood, and to save the annoyance of all parties when a permit has to be issued.

The following is the ordinance referred to:
An Ordinance relating to the Health Department of the City of Wilmington.
Sec. 17. The several Cemetery Companies within the city shall, monthly, on the first of each month, furnish to the Superintendent of Health certificates of the deaths of all persons dying within the city, showing causes of death, age and date of death, under a penalty for neglect of ten dollars in each and every offence, and the Secretaries of said Cemetery Companies shall not allow any interment in their respective Cemeteries without a certificate from the physician who attended the case, and in case any person shall die in the city, unattended by any physician or surgeon, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Health to furnish such certificate before the interment can be made, under a penalty,

for each and every offence, of ten dollars.

Sec. 20. This ordinance shall be in force from and after the first day of June, 1877.

CITY ITEMS.

The weather has been splendid during the past week.

Judge Moore arrived on Wednesday night and opened Court at 11 o'clock yesterday.

Good and cheap coal can be had at Worth & Worth's, and stoves (the very best in the State) at Parker & Taylor's.

At James C. Munds', opposite city hall, you can find anything in the line of drugs, toilet articles, &c. Also pure wines and liquors for medical use. See advertisement.

Petteway & Schulken notifies our readers that he has a splendid assortment of cheese, flour, tobacco, cigars, poultry and country produce of all kinds. Give them a call.

We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. B. D. Morrill, who has on hand a first-class assortment of very fine caskets, which are as well finished as we have ever seen.

D. NEWMAN & SONS.—Go to D. Newman & Sons and buy your Dry Goods.

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Shoes, &c.

We were pleased to have a call, yesterday, from Mr. J. L. Currie, one of the leading citizens of Moore county, also ex-Sheriff Manger. Both of these gentlemen are looking well and speak very encouragingly of the affairs of their county.

Col. J. D. Brooks, the General Agent for the Penn Life Assurance Company, was in the city a few days during the past week, and we are pleased to learn that he met with considerable success. The Penn could not get in North Carolina a better, more reliable Agent than Col. Brooks, who is known to be a consistent member of the Methodist church. We hope him (as we are certain he will receive) great success.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Four men, D. T. Thorpe, George Deraun, white, and Adam Badan and Dallas Williams, colored, came to an untimely death on Allen's Creek, in Brunswick county, on Monday night. They were sleeping in a cabin which had been covered with clay, and filled with pine straw for bedding, when the roof fell on account of the weight of the clay, crushing the four men. The roof and the pine straw then took fire, and when the men were found in the morning their bodies were partially consumed by the fire, while they were held fast by the timbers of the fallen roof. These men were engaged in getting timber on the creek. An inquest was held over their bodies.

SOMETHING NEW.—In order to introduce our Big Seal Spring Wheat, The Wheat of Tans, in your locality—single grains measuring 1 inch in length—I propose to send a sample of the wheat free of charge, to every subscriber to the paper who will state the name of the newspaper and send a 3 cent stamp to pay postage.

Agents wanted in every county to sell this new wheat.

Address L. L. OSMENT, Cleveland, Tenn.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board met yesterday afternoon, all the members being present, and proceeded to draw a list of jurors for the approaching term of the Criminal Court for this county, which resulted as follows:

J. G. Boney, S. H. Fishblade, Nathan Noyes, R. B. Freeman, James B. Orrell, John S. Costin, Henry Lemmerman, John Moseley, Primus Acecock, H. A. Burr, C. H. Robinson, Thomas Moore, Wm. Moseley, Wilkin Roddick, Wm. M. Collins, Henry Nutt, G. M. Altair, Edward L. Ennett, Wm. Marstell, James B. Huggins, George Chadbourne, Murphy Ward, William A. Williams, Sr., John H. Allen, Thomas W. Player, Asa B. George, Wm. S. Anderson, Wm. J. Gordon, S. S. Everett, Charles Teltgen.

APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL FUND.—At a recent meeting of the Board of Education of New Hanover county, held in this city, it was ordered that an apportionment of two dollars be made from the school fund per capita to the respective public schools of the various districts. The apportionment foots up as follows:

Wilmington.—District No. 1—880 white children; amount \$1,760; 1,134 colored children; amount, \$2,268.

District No. 2—690 white children; amount \$1,380; 799 colored children; amount, \$1,598.

Federal Point.—District No. 3—82

white children; amount, \$1,64; 84 colored children; amount, \$1,68.
Masonboro.—District No. 4—97 white children; amount, \$1,94; 82 colored children; amount, \$1,64.

Harnett.—District No. 5—184 white children; amount, \$3,68; 231 colored children; amount, \$4,62.

Cape Fear.—District No. 6—44 white children; amount, \$88; 328 colored children; amount, \$656.

Grand Total.—White children, 1,927; amount, \$3,854; colored children, 2,658; amount, \$5,816.

The apportionment for the several districts amounts to considerably more this year than formerly.

THE DAVIDSON RECORD.—Is a very handsome newspaper just started by O. H. Bruner, Esq., at Lexington, N. C., and published weekly at \$1 per annum. Outside of its politics, it is an exceedingly good paper, and we are pleased to welcome it to our sanctum.

Quarterly Meeting.

Rev. L. S. Burkhead, D. D., Presiding Elder, has made the following appointments for his first round during the present Conference year, for the Wilmington District:

Duplin, at Kenansville, Jan. 19 20
Whiteville and Waccamaw Mission, at Whiteville, Jan. 26 27
Smithville, at Shalotte, Feb. 2 3
Cokesbury and Coharie Mission, at Bethany, Feb. 9 10

Onslow, at Mt. Lebanon, Feb. 16 17
Elizabeth, at Elizabeth City, Feb. 23 24
Bladen, at Soule's Chapel, Mar. 2 3
Topsail, at Prospect, Mar. 9 10
Clinton, at Clinton, Mar. 16 17

To the District Stewards of Wilmington District, N. C. Conference.—Dear Brethren: The District Stewards' meeting will be held at the parsonage of the Front Street Church on Friday, March 8th, 1878, at 11 o'clock, A. M., instead of February 6th. Matters over which I have no control compel me to make this change.

L. S. BURKHEAD, P. E., Magnolia, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: \$2.50 and \$3 per day; With Rooms, per month, \$85; Table Board, per month, \$25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars

ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

COBB BROS., Proprietors.

REASONS WHY THE

PAIN-KILLER

MAN'D BY

PERRY DAVIS & SON

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age!

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrhoea and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Trills in any part of the system. A single dose usually affords a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chills; Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequalled for Rises, Chills, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Rats, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from their most distressing effects.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many dollars in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family.

The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that it may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that it can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

Preparation after the first application.

JAMES C. MUND'S.

DRUGGIST.

AND DEALER IN

TOILET ARTICLES AND FANCY GOODS.

Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day or night.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS

for Medicinal use, sold for the

WARD STREET—OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY GROCERS AND OTHERS

ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE GOODS

received by us on consignment:

CHEESE, CRACKERS, FLOUR, CANDLES,

SOAPS, FISH, &c.

SAUSAGE, EGGS, POULTRY, &c.

APPLES, FLOUR, &c.

We encourage none but best quality, and sell at the very lowest market prices to close.

We are instructed not to hold goods, but sell.

PETTEWAY & SCHULKEN,

Brokers and Commission Merchants.

Next north Princess and Water streets.

Jan 18-78

B. D. MORILL,

Underlayer, Carpenter and Cabinet

Maker,

OPPOSITE CITY HALL,

On Third Street.

Will furnish COFFINS, CASKETS,

with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work collected, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city.

Jan 18-78

NOTICE.

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED AS

Executrix of the estate of Samuel Nixon,

deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties indebted to said estate to make immediate

payment to the undersigned, and all parties having claims against the same to present them on or before the 8th day of December,

A. D. 1878, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery.

MAGGIE NIXON, Executrix.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 8, 1877—Jan 18-78

DISTRICT COURT OF UNITED STATES,

EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA:

United States.

Eleven Barrels Whiskey, said to be the property of Davis & Fraser;

Libel of Information: To Davis & Fraser, and to all whom it may concern. Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by T. M. Smith, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at Wilmington, N. C., as forfeited to the use of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is labelled and presented in the District Court of the United States, for condemnation, for the causes in the said libel of information set forth, and that the said cases will stand for trial at the court room of the District Court at Wilmington, on the 29th DAY of APRIL, next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and, if not, at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter; where and when all persons are warned to appear, to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest. Given under my hand at this office, this 10th day of January, 1878.

J. B. HILL,

United States Marshal.

Jan 18-78

Christmas Varieties.

CANDY TOYS, SUGAR FRUIT,

Christmas Tree Ornaments,

Assorted Toys, Bannans, Oranges,

Grapes, Apples, California Pears,

Cocoa Nuts, Candles of all grades, at

S. G. NORTHROP'S

dec 21 ly Fruit and Confectionery Store

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18. 20 MARKET ST.

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, at the

LOWEST NET PRICES,

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND

CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots,

Shoes,

Hats,

Cap and

Dry Goods, &c. to suit the season.

Carpeting,

Blankets,

and a large stock of

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Dec 21-78

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOST HERE.

CHRISTMAS IS ALMOST HERE.

Wise people will keep before them the fact that they can buy the

Best Holiday Goods and Family Groceries From

GEORGE MYERS.

11 and 13 South Front Street,

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

WE CAUTION YOU BEFORE PURCHASING TO TRY TS.

We offer special inducements in COOKING ARTICLES, and Housekeepers will see the necessity of getting the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

The Finest selected Cooking Butter, Wine, Brandy, Citron, Currants, Raisins, Lard, Atomore's Celebrated Mince Meat, Plum Pudding.

OUR STOCK IS IMMENSE and THE LARGEST IN THE STATE, and we intend disposing of it during the Holidays.

Poney Whiskey, Blue Grass, Delmonico, Club House, Imported Jamaica Rum, Hennessy and Otard Brandy, Cordials, Champagnes, Table Sherries and native Wines.

Our Celebrated BRAND OF LIQUORS are so well known that we only mention them to remind "EVERYBODY" that we have over THREE THOUSAND BOTTLES put up to supply the demand and avoid delay.

Our well known "SWEET MASH," at \$8.00, is perfect and requires no improvement. We offer it against any \$5.00 Whiskey in the State.

300 Barrels and Boxes of Apples, Oranges and Lemons.

800 Boxes Fancy Crackers.

3500 Lbs French and Domestic Candles and

Fresh Broken Candy.

ASSORTED NUTS, Figs in cartons, Table Raisins, Mucaltal and Seedless Raisins, Shelled Almonds.

100 Boxes FIRE CRACKERS.

50,000 TORPEDOES.

We have on hand a fine lot of IMPORTED CIG

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,
FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 18, 1878.

Gov. Vance has appointed Hon. W. H. N. Smith Chief Justice to fill out the unexpired term of the late Chief Justice Pearson. He is one of the very first lawyers of the State, and his appointment will not only give satisfaction to the bar, but to the great majority of the people. Before the war he was at times a member of the Legislature, and was a Whig member of Congress from the Albemarle district, and in 1860 came within one vote of being made speaker of the House. Since the war he has participated in public affairs hardly at all, and is naturally a conservative man. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

The Democratic scandal-mongers of the House have passed a resolution turning themselves into as many smelling committees as there are standing committees. In short, every standing committee is authorized to investigate not charges, for there are none, but to stick their noses into every corner of every Department to see if they cannot find something out of which they can make capital against the Republicans. It is to be hoped that they will not subject themselves to the same amount of ridicule as they did last year, when they threw their drag-nets for four months and drew up nothing of moment, excepting the floundering body of George H. Pendleton, one of their leaders.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE CONVENTION.

The Republicans of New Hampshire held their State Convention at Concord on the 9th of this month for the nomination of Governor and Railroad Commissioner, these comprising the whole state ticket. Gov. Prescott was nominated without a dissenting voice and there was nothing of feeling as to the other officer. What gave the assemblage significance was the fact that there was among leading Republicans in that state divergence of opinion in regard to the manner of treating the President's southern policy, and there were some apprehensions that the body might be the scene of wranglings such as might affect the vote in March.—This apprehension was increased by the abrupt appearance a few days before of the letter of Mr. W. E. Chandler, arraigning Mr. Hayes in most unequivocal terms. It was known that Mr. Chandler was to be a member of the convention where he would appear with the weight of a political experience such as few men have had, with the prestige of having been for eight years Secretary of the National Republican Committee, and with the fact that he had been a recognized leader in that state for many years.

The only contest which seems to have been made on the President's southern policy occurred in the State Committee the evening previous to the convention, on a motion to create a committee on resolutions. After much sharp talk it seems to have been ascertained that while very few were earnest endorsers of the southern policy a strong majority were in favor of conciliatory measures. They refused to accept the temper of Mr. Chandler's letter and created a committee on resolutions which did not give Hayes the go by, although their endorsement or him was tremulous and not at all bold and decisive. In fact the New Hampshire Republicans showed that extraordinary sagacity and discretion which rarely ever deserts them in critical times, and so sided over the dangerous shoals which they encountered. They re-affirmed the Cincinnati platform as if to remind the President in a polite way of his obligations to protect the southern voters, but did not express any opinion as to the outrages which voters are suffering in several of these states. This is one of their gentle utterances.

Second.—That we recognize the paramount duty of President Hayes to render these high professions actual and living realities, and while we admit honest differences of opinion in relation to past acts, we welcome and approve his sincere efforts to keep faith with the people, and secure to the whole country the blessings of a just, efficient and honest Republican National Administration.

Here is another:—
Fifth.—That a free and unobstructed passage to the ballot box is the constitutional right of every citizen, of whatever race, color, or condition. In accordance and defending that right the Republican party has proved that it is the true national party, while the Democratic party, by opposing and denying that right through intimidation and violence, has shown that it is the sectional party.

It would be difficult to formulate principles in plain phrases than these. But they are enough to give the President to understand what they think of his policy, and to give notice to the people of the state that they do not intend to waste their strength, nor trifle with their interests in internal wranglings.

The proceedings of the New Hampshire Republicans are suggestive as to the conduct of the extended towards Mr. Hayes on the part of those who voted for him in other states. It is true that the arrow which, early in his administration,

he shot towards the southern Republicans still rankles in the wound where it struck and that we have grievances peculiar to ourselves. But we can forget these. While we do not accept his opinions in regard to the south it is not necessary for the Republicans in any state to take such a course as to drive the President into the arms of the Democrats. There are not yet, as in the case of Andrew Johnson, overt acts which indicate any malevolent purposes. Few people yet doubt the good intentions and integrity of the President, although they distrust his judgment. And there are as yet no differences or grievances inside the party which may not be redressed at farthest when another appeal to the people shall arrive. The Republican party must be preserved, and its principles. It may elevate men to authority one day, and retire them to obscurity the next. And we may in time teach public servants not to tamper or trifle with the judgment or conscience of the people who elect them as if it were a mere bauble, subject to any dogmatism or whim which credulity may conceive.

WHAT WILLIAM E. CHANDLER SAYS.

The New York Herald's Boston correspondent has interviewed Mr. Chandler on the subject of his letter and the resolutions of the New Hampshire State Convention.

Question.—Mr. Chandler, how do you account for the second resolution in the Republican platform adopted at Concord, N. H., yesterday, with regard to the President's policy?

Mr. Chandler.—The resolution was the result of a compromise of conflicting views. It was designed to express no opinion as to the past acts of President Hayes, but to show a disposition to welcome and approve such sincere efforts as he may hereafter make to keep faith with the people and secure a good administration.

Q.—Why was not the resolution more forcibly expressed?

Mr. Chandler.—The caucus of the night before had revealed such a state of feeling in the party that it seemed probable that a resolution either positively endorsing or squarely condemning the President would result in defeat in March. Indeed, Col. Mason W. Tappan announced so emphatically that the convention must take some notice of the President that it was felt certain he meant to organize a bolt, as he had done once before in the Greeley campaign. Under these circumstances it was thought necessary to make some compromise in order to save the state, and the committee after long deliberation, arranged to recognize the difference of opinion as to past acts and to express only the hope for wise action in the future.

DID NOT APPROVE THE SOUTHERN POLICY.

Q.—Then you do not understand the convention to have expressed approval of the President's southern policy?

Mr. Chandler.—Most certainly it did not. Every Hayes man who spoke in the caucus said he disapproved of some things which the President had done. No one undertook to defend the President's declarations that rebel soldiers are to be respected as much for their treason as the Union soldiers for their patriotism, and that the southern Republicans are to be protected only by the letting alone of the rebel whites, or to defend the appointments of Fitzsimmons and other rebel Democrats to administer federal law at the south, or the surrender of South Carolina and Louisiana to rebel mobs. So far as I could observe everybody in caucus and convention disapproved of these declarations and acts. An attempt to secure a specific endorsement of them would not have been sustained by five men out of the 500 hundred in the convention.

REPUBLICAN DEVOTION IN THE GRANITE STATE.

Q.—Then the sentiment of devotion to party must be strong among the Republicans of New Hampshire?

Mr. Chandler.—Most certainly it is. There is no state in the Union where the party is better united or its members are more willing to make concessions to promote harmony and secure success at the polls.

Q.—You do not think, then, that a resolution unqualifiedly endorsing the administration and its acts would have passed the convention?

Mr. Chandler.—It would have been undoubtedly voted down by an overwhelming majority. To pass it would have been felt by all to be to invite defeat at the polls.

Q.—Do you think that a resolution denouncing the President could have passed?

Mr. Chandler.—Not unless a after a protracted and bitter debate, which would have engendered animosities that would have lost the Republicans the state. I have said that I think no one wholly approves the President's policy; but there should be no issues made, no numbering of the clans, but that the committee on resolutions should agree upon a compromise resolution.—When the committee in deference to the prevailing sentiment, had done this no other resolutions could have been added to them by vote of the convention.

IS HAYES' SEAT SAFE?

Q.—If Congress should yield to the demand for an inquiry do you think the result would nullify the electoral compromise and make void the President's title?

Mr. Chandler.—I have the fullest faith in the President's legal title. I had no doubt about his title, morally, until he himself began to weaken it by surrendering himself completely to the rebel Democratic control. If Hayes is President Packard is Governor of

Louisiana. If Hayes destroyed Packard he tainted his own title, did he not? But because Hayes destroyed Packard it does not follow that there is a power above Hayes sufficient to put him out of office.

NO REOPENING OF THE ELECTORAL COMMISSION.

Q.—You do not anticipate that an investigation would result in a disclosure of facts warranting any action on the part of Congress to unseat the President?

Mr. Chandler.—I do not. I do not believe any such facts exist. I am opposed to any reopening of the Presidential question, and it will not take place. Republicans will not reopen it and the President will take good care that the Democrats do not. As his representatives made bargains with the Democrats to induce them not to keep him out by filibustering, which bargains he fulfilled, so he will keep them from reopening the question, with a view to ousting him, by further and continued concessions to the Southern Democrats who dominate the party and are greedy for the offices.

TWO PICTURES.

The New Hampshire Statesman, published at the Capital and one of the very ablest Republican newspapers in New England, one which speaks especially the Republican sentiment of New Hampshire, makes the following very unequivocal and emphatic declaration:

"When the organs of gush and surrender say that the stalwart leaders of the Republican party cherish a feeling of hatred toward the South they lie in their teeth and they know it. There is never a time, not even when the land was rent by civil war—when the people of the North cherished such a feeling. All that is demanded is that there shall be the same equality of rights in the South as in the North, and the same obedience to the organic law."

Now see what the conciliated South says. The Southern States, published in that State where the murderers of Judge Chisholm and his son and daughter roam as unpunished braggarts, says:

"When we have thus obtained the upper-hand, we propose to undo what has been done by the Radicals since 1861, as far as lies in our power. We propose to tear the negro amendments out of the Constitution. We propose to restore the Planter Republic of our fathers in all its original purity and simplicity."

"When the repeal of the revolutionary amendments is sprung upon the country, it will catch up and carry the popular sentiment with it, from seaboard to seaboard."

HURRA! FOR THE SOUTHERN POLICY!

(From the Inter-Ocean.)

The Coalition.

A united Democracy in Congress lovingly embraced the Cincinnati Republican platform, and coining a Republican President, is the millennial sign of the nineteenth century. Asop admirably illustrates the case in his fables where the lion invites the fox to walk into his den and partake of his hospitalities. The thoughtful fox, looking carefully around, remarks that he has noticed that all the tracks lead in ward and none outward, and so declines with thanks. The President of the United States was elected as the choice of the great Republican party of the nation, because he was supposed to be the exponent of the principles held dear to the organization. His statesmanship had been tried—his loyalty and patriotism none had ever questioned. The circumstances which have arisen to throw him into the arms of the most vindictive and unscrupulous opponents of the party, and call for their championship of his cause, while they awaken universal regret, will not justify nor uphold him in deserting the men and the principles that placed him in power. The President, elevated to the highest office in the gift of the party and the people, is not the party's dictator, but remains, while in sympathy with it, only an individual member, and as an elective officer is bound in honor to respect the wishes and, under the law and the Constitution, carry out the principles of the organization, which is necessarily the majority of the whole people. When he finds himself opposed by the representative men of Congress fresh from their constituents—when, by a glance at the press, he can see that nine-tenths of its voters everywhere are solidly and determinedly against his course—it would look as if he might profitably pause and consider the situation. That his course meets with the positive approval of the known and open enemies of the principles of the Republican party might well impress him with the dangers attending it and the certain disaster that must follow to himself. If the President thinks the work of a Republican member, and that it should close its labors with his election, he is consistent. If such is his view, we beg to say that the Republicans of the great Northwest, which honored him by their majorities, does not so think. They believe that the prosperity of the nation is dependent yet upon the men who saved it, whose patriotism and sacrifice have in the past rendered its history honorable among nations, and they cannot see any reasons in justifying the President in assuming that he was elected to administer upon the estate and effects of the party. That his course, if persisted in, leads him straight from the organization is undoubted. That it presents to the party grave complications, temporary defeats, and loss of place and power in many cases, is certain; but the organization will still exist, and standing upon the eternal principles of justice and right to every citizen, North and South, black and white, it will continue its contest against the men now seeking the help and sympathy of a Republican President. Should Mr. Hayes continue in his unwise course it will not be the first example of a President breaking his connection with his party; but, considering his past associations, none was ever so remarkable or will be so more deeply regretted, or will have done so much to shake the confidence and trust of the people.

Origin of the Tides.

All bodies attract each other; the power of the force exerted depending upon the weight of the bodies and their distance from each other.—The weight of any body is, in fact, the force with which the earth attracts that body to itself. The celestial bodies are all chained together by the force of attractive influence on the earth, inducing our planet to approach to them; this attraction being counterbalanced by the centrifugal force, we describe a curve, which is the resultant of those two forces. But the surface of the earth consists of fluid and solid; the former, owing to its mobility, exhibits a greater tendency to obey the attractive influence, and therefore rises to meet the sun or the moon. The sun, on account of his enormous bulk, exercises a much greater attractive force on the earth than the moon, but the solar tide is much less than the lunar tide, for this reason—that the moon being nearer the earth, attracts the surface of the sea far more than its solid bed, and, therefore the water rises in a heap underneath the satellite. The sun, on the other hand, being so distant, exerts nearly as much force on the surface as on the ocean bed beneath, and, therefore, lifts up the water very little. The identically same effect is produced upon that part of the earth most distant from the sun or moon, only in this case the ocean bed is drawn toward those bodies more rapidly than the water, which is, in fact, left behind. When the sun and moon are either in conjunction or opposition—that is, when the line joining them passes in the neighborhood of, or directly through the earth—then their attractive force being united, the tidal wave will be a maximum, forming "spring tides." If they be in "quadrature"—that is, the lines drawn from their centres to the earth's centre form a right angle—then the tides will be at a minimum, or "neap tides" will result. It will be evident, then, that if the earth were a world of waters, each tidal wave would pass completely round the earth in 24 hours. The existence of continents materially modifies the transit, and it is driven from its course, and, consequently, retarded. The great tidal wave takes its rise in the deep Antarctic Ocean. As it traverses the ocean the water is not raised above a few feet; but when it enters a shallow sea, or an estuary, where the tide finds itself in a sort of funnel, then the rise is sometimes as much as 70 feet, as is the case in the Bay of Funda. The wave is not a wave of transmission, but one of motion, and if the particles of water were destitute of all cohesion or friction among themselves they would only rise and fall into the same place after the attraction had passed. A wave of this nature is illustrated by throwing a stone into a pond; the wavelets expand from the point of disturbance, but do not carry to the shore anything which floats on the surface of the water, such bodies only rising as it were to allow the wave to pass beneath them, this proves that the water had only an upward and downward movement as it formed the wave.

—the total weight of which was 1,688 lbs. Mr. A. L. Shuford, of this place, killed one Essex hog this week which brought the scales down to 548 lbs.—*Piedmont Press.*

Just think of how things and men in this State are becoming mixed and changed, when it is announced that Mr. Dick Badger and Gov. Vance, side by side, addressed a negro audience in Raleigh on the 1st day of January, in celebration of emancipation day—both professing great love and respect for the negro "fellow citizen"! Extremes are, indeed, concentrating.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

A correspondent of the Charlotte Observer writing from Asheville, communicates the strange case of a petrified human body, that of a Mrs. Murray, who died in Tennessee some years since and was buried, and afterwards being disinterred for removal to Hendersonville, N. C., was found to have changed to solid stone, and in appearance but little altered in natural features. The body now reposes in the graveyard at Hendersonville.

The Chief Justices of the N. C. Supreme Court since its organization are: John Louis Taylor, elected January, 1819; Leonard Henderson, elected at June Term, 1829; Thos. Ruffin, elected at December Term, 1833; Frederick Nash, elected at December Term, 1852; Richmond Mumford Pearson, elected at December Term, 1858. Judge Pearson was on the Supreme Bench thirty years, and Chief Justice nineteen years.—*Raleigh News.*

A young lady of Raleigh made all her preparations to receive New Year's calls. When the day came, carriage after carriage drove up to the door and then drove away, without the bell being pulled, and it was nearly night before the lady of the house discovered that her husband had left the market basket on the front door, and that it contained a peek of visiting cards. That husband is now bald-headed and broomsticks have risen 90 percent. in the Raleigh market.—*Weldon News.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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I have Overcoats at \$7.50, worth \$11.00.
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